THE Boston-Gazette, AND COUNTRY JOURNAL.

No. 1028.

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

MONDAY, December 26, 1774.

THIS DAY PUBLISHED, and sold by EDES and GILL, in Queen-Street,

The MISERY and DUTY of an oppress'd and enslav'd People, represented in a

SERMON

Delivered at SALISBURY, July 14, 1774.
On a Day set apart for FASTING and PRAYER, On Account of approaching public Calamities.
Published by Request.

By SAMUEL WEBSTER, A. M.
Pastor of a Church in SALISBURY.

NEHEMIAH IX. 36,—38.

Behold we are Servants this Day! And for the Land that thou gavest unto our Fathers, to eat the Fruit thereof, and the Good thereof, behold we are Servants in it! And it yieldeth much Increase unto the Kings which thou hast set over us, because of our Sins: Also they have Dominion over our Bodies and over our Cattle, at their Pleasure: And we are in great Distress! And because of all this, we make a sure Covenant, and write it, and our Princes, Levites & Priests seal unto it.

☞ Subscribers are desired to call or send for their Books.

WILLIAMSBURG, (in Virginia) Nov. 24.

THE Inhabitants of York having been informed that the Virginia commanded by Howard Esten, had on board two half chests of tea shipped by John Norton, Esq; and sons, merchants in London, by order of Mess. Prentis and company, merchants in Williamsburg, assembled at 10 o'clock, this morning, and went on board the said ship, where they waited some time for the determination of the meeting of several members of the house of burgesses in Williamsburg, who had taken this matter under consideration. A messenger was then sent on shore to enquire for a letter from the meeting; but returning without one they immediately hoisted the tea out of the hold and threw it into the river, and then returned to the shore without doing damage to the ship or any other part of her cargo. On the Wednesday following the county committee met to consider of this matter; and after mature deliberation, came to the following resolutions:

Resolved, that we do highly approve of the conduct of the inhabitants of York, in destroying the tea on board the Virginia.

Resolved, that Mess. Prentis and company have incurred the displeasure of their countrymen, by not countermanding their orders for the tea, having had frequent opportunities to have done so; and that they ought to make proper concessions for such misconduct, or be made to feel the resentment of the public.

Resolved, that John Norton, Esq; of London must have known the determination of this colony with respect to tea, as the ship Virginia did not sail from thence till after the late assembly was dissolved, and the members of that assembly in behalf of the colony, immediately upon their dissolution, entered into a solemn negociation against that article.

Resolved therefore, to convince our enemies that we never will submit to any measure that may in the least endanger our liberties, which we are determined to defend at the risk of our lives, that the ship Virginia ought to clear out from hence in ballast, in eighteen days from this time.

Resolved, that Howard Esten, commander of the ship Virginia, acted imprudently in not remonstrating in stronger terms against the tea being put on board the ship, as he well knew it would be disagreeable to the inhabitants of this colony.

We submit to our countrymen whether every ship circumstanced as the Virginia was, ought not to share the same fate.

Signed by order of the committee.
WILLIAM RUSSEL, Clerk.

Gloucester county, November 7, 1774.

FROM certain information that the Virginia, captain Howard Esten, was arrived in York river with a quantity of tea on board, twenty-three members of the committee of Gloucester county, with a number of the inhabitants assembled at Gloucester-Town, to determine how the said tea should be disposed of.

Hearing that the members of the house of burgesses in Williamsburg, about eight o'clock this morning, had taken the matter under their consideration, we determined to wait the result of their deliberations. We accordingly waited till after twelve; but the determinations from Williamsburgh having not then come down, we repaired to the ship, in order to meet the committee of York, which we supposed to be in the great number of those we discerned on board. On our arrival, we found that the tea had met with its deserved fate, for it had been committed to the waves. We then returned, and after mature deliberation came to the following resolutions:

Resolved, that John Norton, merchant in London, by sending over tea in his ship, has lent his *little aid* to the ministry for enslaving America, and been guilty of a daring insult upon the people of this colony, to whom he owes his ALL.

Resolved, that the ship Virginia, in which the detestable tea came, ought and shall return in twenty days from the date hereof.

Resolved, that no tobacco shall be shipped from this county on board the said ship, either to the owners or any other person whatsoever; and we do most earnestly recommend it to our countrymen to enter into the same resolution, in their respective counties.

Resolved, that the said Norton has forfeited all title to the confidence of this county, and that we will not in future consign tobacco, or any other commodity, to his house, until satisfactory concessions are made; and we recommend the same resolution to the rest of the colony.

Resolved, that John Prentis, who wrote for and to whom the tea was consigned, has justly incurred the censure of this country, and that he ought to be made a public example of.

Resolved, that Howard Esten, commander of the Virginia, has acted imprudently, by which he has drawn on himself the displeasure of the people of this county.

Signed by order of the committee,
JASPER CLAYTON, Clerk.

Williamsburg, November 24, 1774.

IT gives me much concern to find that I have incurred the displeasure of the York and Gloucester committees, and thereby of the publick in general, for my omission in not countermanding the order which I sent to Mr. Norton for two half chests of tea; and do with truth declare, that I had not the least intention to give offence, nor did I mean an opposition to any measures for the public good. My countrymen, therefore, it is earnestly hoped, will readily forgive me for an act which may be interpreted so much to my discredit; and I again make this public declaration, that I had not the least design to act contrary to those principles which ought to govern every individual who has a just regard for the rights and liberties of America. JOHN PRENTIS.

WILLIAMSBURG, (Virginia) Dec. 1.

We have it from very good Authority, that his Excellency the Governor is on his Way to this Capital, having concluded a Peace with the several Tribes of Indians that have been at War with us, and taken Hostages of them for their faithful complying with the Terms of it, the principal of which are, that they shall totally abandon the Lands on this Side of the Ohio, (which River is to be the Boundary between them and the White People) and never more take up the Hatchet against the English. Thus, in little more than the Space of 5 Months, an End is put to a War which portended much Trouble and Mischief to the Inhabitants on the Frontiers, owing to the Zeal and good Conduct of the Officers and Commanders who went out in their Country's Defence, and the Bravery and Perseverance of all the Troops. Our Tributes of Praise are justly due to the gallant Men that fell, whose Deaths are a publick Loss, and irreparable so to their distressed Families and Friends; but their Names will be handed down to Posterity, with Honor. The Army was broke up, and many of them had arrived at their respective Homes.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in London, to his Correspondent in Williamsburg, Virginia.

"IF you submit to the last arbitrary and tyrannical acts of parliament, relative to Massachusetts-Bay and Quebec, there will not be a set of more abject slaves under Heaven than the North-Americans. You will be obliged to dig Tobacco, Iron, and whatever your good and virtuous Masters here want. The Marquis of Caermarthen, a Puppy just entered into the infernal Pack of Blood-hounds, said in the House of Commons, *we sent them to those Colonies to labour for us!!!* And so sure as England now exists (it can not long, indeed, in its present State of Luxury, Debauchery, and Villainy) but I say, so long and so sure as it does exist in this State, if the Americans *now* submit, the Charters of all the other Colonies, will be attacked, and treated as that of the Massachusets-Bay has already been. This is determined. I assure you. They were afraid to attack more than Boston at first, lest it might occasion a Union of the Colonies; but New-York, Pennsylvania, and South-Carolina, will be struck at, because they refused Entrance to the *Tea*. Connecticut, Rhode-Island, and all the old Provinces in America, impeached because their Charters are bad; and, among the rest Virginia will be included, especially as you dared to go to prayers and fast. Remember this, and recollect, I pray, my dear, that I do not speak from Opinion, but from undoubted, uncontrovertible authority. The King will recommend it in his next speech to Parliament, "finding his Colonies in North America are not properly governed, owing to the several *Charters* now subsisting in the said Colonies, &c. &c. &c. To prepare too for the more effectual Execution of this hellish Plan, Orders are sent to *his Majesty's* Catholic Province of Quebec immediately to raise and embody 4000 of his good and Catholic Subjects of Canada, to be formed into four Regiments, and to be commanded by Frenchmen; you may guess for what Purpose. But lest you should not, I will tell you, that these *good* Subjects, and the Indians, are to be set to cut the Throats of the King's *disaffected* Subjects of the old Provinces, who sent at their own Expence 20 000 Men, last War, to make the *Canadians subjects of the very virtuous and pious Prince* George III. This is as true as holy Writ.

"I dare not tell you how I came by the knowledge of these schemes, as it would, were it discovered, prevent me from knowing and telling you more; but I hope it will rouse the people of North America to exert themselves, to convince the world that they will not wear the chains of such traiterous and haughty tyrants. Better it is, far, to be subjected to any *One* that ever existed, who has, and can have only his own vanity or caprice to satisfy, than to so numerous a body of needy, luxurious, mercenary rascals, who would even sell their king, could they find another to promise the addition of 100l. to the Chancellorship of Great-Britain, or 5l. to a gentleman usher. I cannot guess how, or by what means, you have been persuaded, in North-America, that you have any friends, really so from principle, in this country. It is true, some publickly declaim, and pretend to lament the situation of their brethren on the other side the Atlantic; as they hope, being out of place to climb up to preferment from espousing their quarrel. But, at the same time, I can venture to say, that there is not a person, male or female, resident in Great-Britain, and contributing to its taxes, from the Lord Chancellor to the shoeblack, who does not rejoice at this exertion of power; nor is there a manufacturer in England who does not say, trade will *now* revive, as *our American subjects* will be convinced *we* are no longer to be trifled with, and that they will *now* be properly punished, if they commit Riots, &c. as they will be bro't here and tried for their offences by a jury of englishmen, who will not be so complacent to them as the rascals in their own country were (who were all liable to be tried for treason & rebellion) with ten thousand speeches to the same effect. Now, lest you should call me a declaimer, and say I represented dangers without telling you how to avoid them, I will give you a specifick, which, if it fails to produce an immediate and effectual cure, I will acknowledge myself a quack in politicks, and declare against any farther practice in state disorders: It is a remedy easily administered, and cannot, at least to sound constitutions, be unpalatable. Moreover, it is so cheap, and easily procured, that no person need advance sixpence, or go

✓ See Index, under Tea. ✓ See pa. 513. ‖ See pa. 620. ✓ viz. Act for altering the Charter, pa. 532, — Act for administration Justice, pa. 509. — & Quebec Act pa. 559. † See the Port Act, pa. 499. (1) See the Numbers sent by this Province, pa. 557, &c. ✓ House of Commons. A [illegible] pa. 471. (2) See Act pa. 176. & for administering Justice, 506.

out of his own house, to procure it, as it is only an agreement to stop all exports and imports.✓—Enter heartily, and with firmness, into such an association;✓ and bind yourselves, even by an oath, not only to observe it individually, but to enforce it generally.✓ If you do this, and these hellish acts are not sent back to the devil in less than eight months I will agree to be tarred and feathered, and hanged on Liberty tree afterwards; but if you do not, I will venture to pronounce and declare, that for fifty years to come the people of North-America will be the most miserable of slaves. They will hold life and property only at the will and sufferance of their tyrannical and profligate oppressors. It must not, it cannot be so. Americans will be free; at least I hope so, especially as you have the means so much in your power. They are absolutely now in your hands, and you will justly merit every oppression & insult if you throw them away.

PHILADELPHIA, December 11.

Committee Chamber, Dec. 5th, 1774.

Moved and agreed,

THAT a Committee of Inspection and Observation be appointed to attend the execution of the first resolves of the Congress; and that this Committee (the President and Secretaries excepted) be divided for that business into six particular districts——the divisions as follow, viz. [*Here follow the names of the Committee.*]

Agreed, that it be recommended to the above Committee, that one person out of each district attend every day at ten o'clock at the London Coffee house, to inspect the arrival of all vessels, and to make every other necessary enquiry.

Ordered, That masters of vessels, pilots and others, be desired to give as early information as possible, at the London Coffee-house, of the arrival of all vessels at this port.

By Order of the Committee,

JACOB RUSH, *pro temp.* Secretary.

In ASSEMBLY.

December 10th, 1774. A. M.

THE House taking into consideration the report of the Committee appointed to attend the General Congress, and the papers therein referred to,

Resolved Unanimously, That this House approve the proceedings and resolves of the Congress; and do most seriously recommend to the good people of this province a strict attention to, and inviolable observation of the several matters and things contained in the Journal of the said Congress.

On Motion Ordered, That the above resolve be immediately made public.

Extract from the Journals,

CHARLES MOORE, *Clk of Assembly.*

NEW-YORK, December 15.

We hear that at a Meeting of the General Committee of this City and County, two Sub-Committees were appointed to superintend the Sales of two Cargoes of Goods arrived here since the first Day of December. And that it was the Opinion of the Committee, that all Goods, Wares and Merchandize, enumerated in the first Article of the Continental Congress, should be subject to the Regulations contained in the tenth Article.)

Last Week several Parcels of Goods were sold here agreeable to the Association entered into by the Continental Congress.

Advices from all the colonies assure us of their unanimous concurrence in all the measures recommended by the General Congress.

By Letters from London, we learn, That there are more than one Hundred new Members in the present Parliament.

Last Week Captain Riker in a Schooner from Charles Town, arrived here with 103 Tierces of Rice, consigned to Philip Livingston and Charles M'Evers, Esq'rs; to be disposed of for the Support of the Poor of Boston, being Part of the generous Benefactions from the Province of South Carolina, for the Relief of the much injured and oppressed Inhabitants of that devoted Town.

The neat Proceeds of 375 Tierces of Rice (lately arrived here from Charles Town, in the Sloop Phenix, Capt. Dickenson) being also Part of the Benefactions from the same Place and for the same People) we hear amounted to 12,000l. and will be remitted in a few Days.

On Monday last, many Hand-bills having been seen about Town, advertising the intended Exhibition, that Evening, of two Puppet Shews, one in the Fields, the other at the Exchange; a considerable Number of respectable Citizens, duly sensible of the Importance of a strict Conformity to the Articles of the Association of the Grand General Congress, and of a sacred Regard to their Recommendations, had a Meeting on the above Advertisements, and deputed a Committee of their Body to inspect, and prevent the Exhibitions. The Committee found the Performers in the Exercise of their Vocation, before a considerable Number of Spectators, who all appeared in great Confusion on the Appearance of the Committee; and on being informed of their Business, and that such Meetings were contrary to the Recommendations of the Congress, offensive to the Inhabitants, and unsuitable to the present Situation of public Affairs, both the Companies precipitately dispersed, and the Managers promised that they would no more attempt any Thing of the Kind, without Leave of the Committee of Inspection.

We hear the letter of the General Congress, to the Inhabitants of Canada, had met with a very general & high approbation thro'out that country, where a translation of it had been published.

NEW-YORK, December 19.

His Majesty has been pleased to grant the Dignity of a Baronet of Great-Britain on William Pepperrell, of Boston, in the Province of Massachusetts Bay, in America, Esq; *vid addenda thereto, pa. 623*

Mr. William Gage, second Son to General Gage, died in London about two Months ago.

Some Ships fitting out at the Port of Liverpool about 7 Weeks since, could not have Permission to take on board either Gunpowder, or any Kind of Guns, Swords, &c.

By a Gentleman who left Quebec about twenty Days ago, we learn, That the Reports we have had here of the Canadians and Indians being to be raised and sent to act against the People of Boston, &c. is entirely groundless; and that should a Thing of that Nature be proposed to the French, 'twould be rejected with Disdain.

The Suffolk County Resolves are published in the London Papers of the 29th of October, and has given some Uneasiness 'tis said to the Ministry.

NEW-HAVEN, December 14.

By a Gentleman lately from Canada, we are informed, "That *Monsr. Partuise*, an Indian Interpreter, said to be lately sent by Governor *Carlton*, among the Six Nations, and other Indians, to know if they would join the king's troops against the American colonies, if required, was returned with the following answer, That they looked upon the dispute between Great Britain and the colonies, as a family quarrel between father and sons, (which they made no doubt would be amicably settled) and that it was contrary to their custom to intersere between parents and children; and that they were moreover apprehensive, in case they interfered, and the colonies got the better of the king's troops, they of course must fall a sacrifice to their resentment. He also informs us, that the priests and nobless, employed to sound the French Canadians, have met with no better encouragement, they declaring that they look upon the other colonies as their brethren, and that they will by no means take up arms against them. And that it was generally imagined, by gentlemen best acquainted with the disposition of the Canadians, that it would be impossible to raise a single regiment in all Canada; and the farmers and tradesmen were preparing a petition to the court of Great-Britain, begging that the French laws might not take place, but that the English laws might be continued, which they had found by experience to be much better, and with which they were extreamly well satisfied."

PORTSMOUTH, Dec. 23.

Mr. PRINTER,

AS the Affair of Removing the POWDER and some Guns from the FORT hath been Matter of some Speculation, I was determined to enquire and judge for myself: and find upon critical Examination, that the People of the Province of New-Hampshire are well known to have supported the Character of loyal Subjects of his MAJESTY, and have been distinguished for their Obedience to all Subordinate Officers, without carefully attending to the present Popular Patriotism of this Country. So far from pushing themselves into the *Front* in the present unhappy Dispute, they have been blamed *for falling too far in the Rear*.---But what will not the great Law of Nature, that Law of self-preservation, the Love of Life, and it's dear Connections, at length effect? Alarmed with the Tendency of the Quebec Act, with Accounts that the *Canadians* and *Indians* (confirmed by some late Depredations committed by the latter upon the Frontiers of a neighbouring Government) were to be call'd forth to enforce the late Acts of Parliament, so disagreeable to all the Colonies, long inured to defend themselves in the wide extended Frontiers of this Province, by their Valour, against the ruthless and cruel Savages of the Wilderness, without any other Aid, and while destitute of Arms necessary for such Defence, finding that his MAJESTY IN COUNCIL, not knowing their peculiar defenceless State, had been pleased to prohibit the Exportation of Powder, Arms and other warlike Stores to the Colonies without special Licence,----Some of the good People of this Province, in the wonted honesty and Simplicity of their Hearts, imagined that nobody would have just Reason to complain of their too great Forwardness, if they seasonably removed some of the warlike Stores from the Fort nearer to their Frontiers, where the Fears of the Inhabitants were most excited, and where they had too great Reason to think such Stores would be soon wanted. Which they accordingly effected, without any great Tumult or Opposition; as it was not suspected that they had any disloyal or bad intention. I give this simple Narrative of this Transaction, to prevent any Colourings or Exaggerations thereof that may be made by the Foes of America. (6) A LOVER of ORDER.

By the Mercury Packet, and several other Vessels arrived at the Southward, since our last, from Falmouth, Liverpool and Bristol, we have the following Advices, viz.

LONDON.

Oct. 15. A correspondent assures us, that notwithstanding the various causes *assigned* for the *sudden death* of the late Parliament that it died *rotten* of the *King's evil*. *See disolution of ch. pa. 615*

Oct. 18. By authentic letters from Rome, we are assured the late pope was poisoned by the influence of the Jesuits, against which society he has distinguished himself in a very severe manner.

Many people censure the K---g for the American business; he certainly does not act himself, but does implicitly as he is bid; but when Monarchs are so dictated to, and those councils prove detrimental to public good, does it not behove the people to enquire into the machinations of those, who are the conductors of such base matters? (4)

One hundred thousand pounds, it is computed, will not defray the expences government, or the public, hath already been at, in their endeavour to subject the Americans, and yet they seem just where they were. (4)

It is now determined to send a very considerable force, as well of ships as men, to Boston; and it is settled that General Gage is to enforce the Americans to obedience.

The marines under orders for Boston are to be disembarked there, and to act in conjunction with the land forces. (9)

Oct. 20. This morning about 8 o'clock, a great number of freeholders of Middlesex, pursuant to advertisement, met John Wilkes and John Glyn, Esqrs. at the Mansion-house, from whence a cavalcade soon after set out for Brentford, with flags and French horns, and being nominated as fit persons to serve in the present Parliament, they were unanimously elected.

Oct. 22. An order of the council, dated the 19th inst. is published in this night's gazette, prohibiting the exportation of gun-powder and arms, from any part of the kingdom. (7)

Lord Chatham still continues inflexible, notwithstanding, as it is said, he has within this month had offers to unite himself with administration, that few men in the kingdom would have withstood.

Wednesday Sir George Saville, and Mr. Lascelles were unanimously elected members for the county of York.

Also, Lord Algernon Percy, and Sir William Middleton, for Northumberland.

Lord Mansfield, we are informed, hath negociated the business he went on to the Court of France, in so compleat a manner, that we may expect to remain in tranquility with France some years; the French Monarch having assured his Lordship, that nothing is more distant from his thoughts, than breaking the peace with the Crown of G. Britain.

A report was yesterday current, that some bad news had arrived from America, which occasioned the holding a Cabinet-Council; it is added, that an express was dispatched from the Admiralty, for the ships now fitting out for Boston to sail with all possible dispatch. (9)

The West-India Governors have received orders, we hear, to return home immediately on account of repeated complaints of their inattention & inability.

Notwithstanding the ministerial accounts from America are kept a profound secret, the late embargo on gunpowder proves their fears respecting that country to be very great. (8) Great quantities of nitre and salt-petre just shipped, are again disembarking in consequence of Saturday's Gazette.

Oct. 27. A letter received in town from an English Gentleman at Brest, says, that a French frigate and a snow lately sailed from that port for America, laden with firelocks, gunpowder, &c. It is added, that two experienced military Officers embarked on board the said frigate.

Oct. 29. Yesterday Mr. Remembrancer waited upon the Lord High Chancellor, and notified to his Lordship the election of Mr. Wilkes as Lord Mayor for the year ensuing, when Thursday next was appointed for the Lord Mayor elect being presented to the Chancellor.

Last night the following summons was sent to the several Aldermen:—"Your Worship is desired to be at Guildhall on Thursday next, at twelve o'clock in the forenoon, being the 3d of November, to accompany the Lord Mayor elect to the Lord Chancellor. His Lordship will be going from Guildhall, precisely at one, the Lord Chancellor having fixed for two o'clock.

Nov. 2. No poll for Members to represent Bristol, was ever known to continue so long as the present; it has held three weeks already, and it is imagined will not be yet finally closed for some days. The number of voters that have been made free is incredible, being near 2000, and a very considerable part of them even since the poll began.

Bristol, Nov. 1. State of the Poll this Day.

Cruger 3496.	Burke 3647.
Brickdale 2412.	Clare 276.

TO be Sold by WILLIAM VERNON, a few Tierces good Shop SUGAR. Likewise a well-built Schooner about 90 Tons. For Particulars, enquire of said VERNON, at his House in Bennet-Street, North End.

(1) See pa. 610 (2) See page 576 (3) See Index under Troops (4) See list of Grievances, pa. 971 (5) See Quebec act, page 559. (6) See page 632, 633. (7) Virginia, see pa. 620. (8) See page 642. (9) See Index, under Troops, & men of war. (10) See page 629.

v See Agreements, pa. 519. 536. 604. 606. 627. & Referring to the acts in the last page, see the Margin. ‖ See Index, under Jarring & Jealousy, pa. vol. 3. ‡ under Malcolm, Vol. 4. & See Index, under Liberty Tree, Vol. 1.) See pa. 606. † See Index, under Congress Continental. & By the Portland see pa. 499. & See Index under Taxation

BOSTON, December 26.

Our brethren of New-Hampshire and Rhode-Island have signalized themselves in a manner that does them the greatest honour! And it is with pleasure we can add, that the Colony of Connecticut merit our highest regards for their present assiduity and vigilance in disciplining their militia, which consists of near 30 regiments,— Indeed the whole UNITED COLONIES are extreamly active and zealous in the common cause, all nobly exerting themselves for carrying into execution the measures agreed upon by the late continental Congress, excepting a few disappointed, factious tories, some of whom are employed, *most infamously employed*, in villifying the most virtuous and amiable characters in America, and particularly in traducing the worthy members of the late continental Assembly.

A Vessel loaded with upwards of 1000 Bushels of Corn, from Rappahannock in Virginia, for the suffering Poor of this Town, hath been blown off the Coast and is got to St. Eustatia, where the Cargo will be sold and the proceeds remitted to Boston. (1)

Letters from London inform us, that the Empress of Russia, in consequence of the Advantages she has received from the Support afforded to her Operations by the Crown of Great-Britain in the late War against the Ottoman Empire, has granted to the Subjects of our most gracious Sovereign, a free Navigation in all the Seas of her Majesty's Realm, including those Rights secured to the Crown of Russia by the late glorious Peace concluded with the Turks. *See Index, under Russia*

On the 8th December last. Doctor JOHN TAYLOR of Lunenburgh, in Order for the Promotion of the *Military Art*, the Knowledge of which in these Times of Public Calamity seems indispensably necessary, *generously gave* to the Minute Company in that Town, 55 Military Books according to the Plan of Exercise ordered by his Majesty, Anno Domini, 1764; viz. One Book to *every* Officer and Soldier in said Company.—*A notable Instance of the Patriotic Spirit of the Donor.*

A Gentleman is arrived at Salem in a Vessel from Cape Nichola Mole, which he left the 17th November, just as he was coming away a Vessel arrived from the Island of Cuba, which she left only two Days before, the Master of which informed him that he was oblig'd to quit the Island in the greatest Hurry, and leave all his Cargo behind, there being so many Spanish Vessels cruizing to intercept all Provision Vessels bound to the Island of Jamaica, that it was hardly possible for any to escape; this may be depended on as a Fact, and all the French and Spaniards were employed Night and Day in repairing and building Fortifications with the greatest Expedition, and furnishing all their Garrisons with a large Stock of Provisions and Ammunition. During his Stay at the Mole, Transports were arriving daily with Troops and Provisions.

We hear that on Friday last a Soldier of the 64th Regiment was found froze to Death on Dorchester Neck.

Last Saturday Morning, one William Ferguson, a Soldier of the 10th Regiment, (lately arrived from Quebec,) aged 28, was shot at the Bottom of the Common in this Town, for Desertion.

Masters EDES & GILL,

I *Can't forbear communicating thro' your Paper an Anecdote that gave me great Pleasure, and I doubt not will to most of your Readers. An aged Rev. Divine in a neighbouring Town, whose Praise it in all our Churches, attending a Funeral, before the Procession began, was presented with a Pair of Gloves, which he nobly refused, telling the Person who offer'd them, That the Continental Congress, in much Wisdom, and with great Consideration, had recommended many Rules of Frugality and Oeconomy as a Meant of extricating us out of the State of Oppression we are now grievously suffering in, and he was determin'd to pay the strictest Regard to them himself; and the Disuse of Gloves at Funerals was one of them. Upon this, the Gloves which were spread on the Coffin for the Bearers were taken away. In this Instance we see what Effect the Advice and Example of our Spiritual Fathers may have, in promoting that patriotic Love of Liberty, which has from the earliest Days been the Characteristic of an* American Divine, *and ought ever to be the predominant Principle in every Son and Daughter of* America.

Donations receiv'd since our last.

From MASSACHUSETTS-BAY.

North-Yarmouth, 3 Cords Wood. (1)

Post Office, Boston, Dec. 26, 1774.

This is to inform the Public, That by Command of the Post-Master General, the P. B will be dispatch'd from this Office, on Thursday next, at Nine o'Clock in the Morning; of which all concerned will please to take Notice.

TO LETT,

A House in Battery-March Street,

now occupied by Mr. PECK. Persons inclined to hire, may know the Terms by enquiring at said House.

Public Notice is hereby given,

That the [illegible] be sold under the Direction of the Committee of Inspection for the Town of Plimouth (agreeable to the Tenth Article of the American Continental Association) a Cargo of Sea-Coal, about 140 Tons, and five Casks of Nails, imported in the Brig Sea-Nymph, from Bristol, since the First of December Instant. The Sale to be at Plimouth, on board said Vessel, Monday the 2d Day of January next, at XI o'Clock Forenoon.

December 20. 1774.

TO BE SOLD

(Agreeable to the American Congress Association)

On FRIDAY the 6th of January next,

at PUBLIC AUCTION, *at the House of Mr.* Benjamin Burdick, *Innholder in* Marblehead, *The remaining Part of the Cargo of the Ship* Champion, *Capt.* Nathaniel Fellows, *as follows*, viz.

INVOICE 8, *a Sett of Rigging for a large Ship, consisting of Anchors, Cables, Iron Hearth, 32 Cyclas Cordage, Blocks, Ship Chandlers Ware, &c.* Sterl. Cost about £. 430.

Invoice 9, *Mustard and Spanish Brown.*

Cost about £. 5 0 0

Invoice 10, *Cod Lines, Chucks, Brass Chair Nails and Hemp.* Sterl. Cost about £. 720.

Invoice 11, 4 *Cask Porter in Bottles.*

Cost unknown at present.

Invoice 12, 8 *small Cask of Ink-Powder, and a few other Packages;—the Invoices of which have not yet been sent to the Committee of Inspection, but may be then seen, unless the Importers shall be so hardy as to refuse a Compliance with the Association.* ¶

AT

OTIS's Grocery Store,

Between Mr. Tho's. H. Peck's and the Vernon Corner,

GREEN COFFEE, per Bag or Dozen.

Spanish, French and Carolina INDIGO, per Dozen or single Pound.

SUGARS, per Hogshead or Barrel.

CHOCOLATE, per Box.

RAISINS.

A Quantity of dry'd ORANGE PEEL.

☞ REDWOOD,

Delivered at Marblehead, Providence or Boston.

ALSO,

West India GOODS and GROCERIES, *by Retail.*

Said OTIS dealing intirely for ready Money, *must sell cheap.*

Commission Business done as usual at said Store, with Punctuality and Attention.

ALSO,

A Parcel of excellent striped and checked Flannels.

N. B. Best Durham MUSTARD, in lb. ½ & ¼ lb. Bottles.

TO BE SOLD BY

Charles Miller,

At his Store in King-Street,

CHOICE Brandy in Pipes and Quarter Casks, Cases of Geneva, Cherry Rum, Cherry Brandy, Raspberry Brandy in Barrels, excellent Shrub in Barrels & Kegs, Loaf Sugar by Hogshead or single Loaf, superfine and common Philadelphia Flour, a few Bags Pepper, Raisins, Flour Mustard by large or small Quantities, &c. &c.

The above Articles will be Sold at a low Rate. As said MILLER intends soon to leave this Province for some Time, he requests those who are indebted to him to make immediate Payment; and those who have any Demands on him, to call & receive their respective Dues.

All Persons indebted to, or having any Demands upon the Estate of the Rev'd. Mr. SETH STORER, late of Watertown, deceased, are desired to settle the same with EBENEZER STORER, Executor.

Boston, December 26. 1774.

PUBLIC AUCTION,

TO BE SOLD,

By *BENJAMIN CHURCH*,

At his usual Place of Sale,

On *Thursday Next*,

Broad-Cloths——Plains——Bearskin——Cambletts——Stuffs——Irish Hollands——Checks——Bed Ticks——Handkerchiefs, &c. A Mahogany Case of Drawers——Bureau——Desk——Side Boards——Beds——Easy Chairs, and others——A Quantity of Buckram, House Furniture, &c.

One Dollar Reward.

ANY Person that will give Information to the Printers of an old Negro Fellow named Cæsar, who went away some Time since, and is suppos'd to be strolling about in some of the neighbouring Towns, walks lame and talks much of being free, shall receive the above Reward. Had on when he went away a blue Jacket.

New Auction-Room, *Cornhill.*

To-Morrow Morning at Ten o'Clock,

Will be Sold, by PUBLIC VENDUE,

At GREENLEAF's Auction-Room,

A large and valuable Assortment of

English Goods—*Among which are*—

VELVETS & Velverets, superfine Manchester Checks, Irish Linnens, Mens Buckrams, Osnabrigs, Silk Twist, Silk and Hair, Belladine Sewing Silks, fine Breeches Patterns, Shalloons, middling and low-priced Broad Cloths, Mens Worsted Hose, fine Lawns, and sundry Houshold Furniture. Wm. GREENLEAF, Auctioneer.

N.B. A genteel Gold chas'd Watch suitable for a Lady. The Sale will begin at Ten o'Clock.

THE Publick may be assured that the Small-Pox in this Town is now confined to two Families, viz. Capt. Figs, opposite the White House, and Lieut. Clarke's in Hanover Street; the first who were Sick of that Disorder at Dr. Hill's and the Hospital being recovered; proper Care has been taken to cleanse Dr. Hill's House, and Guards are continued at those Places not yet clear of the Infection. No Inhabitant has hitherto taken the Distemper, and by the Care of his Excellency the Governor a Transport is provided for the reception of any Person belonging to the Army that should hereafter appear to have the Symptom of that Disorder.

By Order of the Selectmen,

WILLIAM COOPER, Town Clerk.

Boston, Decem. 26, 1774.

On Wednesday the 28th Instant,

At TEN o'Clock in the Morning,

Will be sold by Public Vendue, at Russell's Auction-Room, Queen-Street,

A very large and valuable Collection

of genteel House-Furniture, belonging to a Gentleman who is out of the Province. *Among which are,*

MOHOGANY Dining Tables, Tea Tables, Dressing Tables and Card Tables, Chest of Draws and Bureaus, hair-bottom, leather bottom & common Chairs, crimson worsted Harrateen Bed and Easy Chair, two blue and white Callico Beds, with Window Curtains, 4 Posts and common Bedsteads, Sheets, Table Linnen and 600 Blankets, Looking-Glasses, one 8-Day Clock, Carpets, Feather Beds, all Kinds of Kitchen Furniture, in Pewter, Brass, Copper, Iron and Tin, a great Variety of China, Glass, Stone and Delph Ware, a Chaise and Harness, and a Variety of Plate. J. RUSSELL, Auctioneer.

The Sale will begin precisely at Ten.—Wednesday 28th.

John Joy,

Informs the PUBLIC,

That he has removed to the Shop next Door North of Mr. GILBERT DEBLOIS's in Cornhill, BOSTON,

Where he has received a large and fresh Supply of

Druggs & Medicines,

which he will sell Wholesale or Retail, on the best Terms for Cash or Credit.

Country Practitioners, Apothecarys, &c. may be supply'd to great Advantage.

Surgeons Instruments, Groceries, and Dyers Stuffs, may be had cheap.

To be Sold by PUBLIC VENDUE,

On WEDNESDAY *the* 22d *Day of* March *next*,

At Eleven o'Clock Beforenoon, at the Royal-Exchange Tavern in King Street, Boston, pursuant to a Vote of the Proprietors of the *Kennebeck* Purchase from the late Colony of *New-Plymouth*, passed the Sixteenth Day of *November* last (1)

The following Tract of Land to be set up in undivided Twelfths, at 100l. L. M. for each Twelfth, being about 6000 Acres to a Twelfth.

A Tract of Land situated North-West from Fort-Halifax, and lying on each side of Little Norridgwalk River, and within 15 Miles of Kennebeck River, in the West side thereof, containing about 72000 Acres.

Provided nevertheless that if any Proprietor of the said Kennebeck Purchase shall chuse to retain his Share of the said Tract, and shall on or before Wednesday the 13th Day of March next, pay to Henry Alline, jun. Clerk of said Proprietors, his Proportion of 1200l. L. M. which is 100l. L. M. to one Twelfth, and is more or less, according to his Share or Interest in said Propriety, then such Share or Interest of the said Tract shall be reserved to him, but if Payment be not made on the said 13th Day of March next, then the whole of said Tract will be sold on said 22d Day of March next, without such Reservation. By Order of said Proprietors.

HENRY ALLINE, jun. Prop's Clerk.

TO-MORROW & WEDNESDAY Evenings,

Will be Sold by PUBLIC VENDUE,

At BICKER's Auction Room,

Near the Market, Boston:

A very large Assortment of English Goods,

——Among which are,——

Broad Cloths, Serges, Ratteens, Frizes, Half-thicks, Coatings, Kersey, Plains, Forest-Cloths, Irish Linnens, Checks, Cambletts, Crapes, Worsted Hose, Worsted Mitts, Handkerchiefs of most kinds, several choice Feather Beds, Watches, &c.

Burials in the Town of BOSTON, since our last,

Twenty Whites. No Blacks.

Baptiz'd in the several Churches, Nine.

High Water at BOSTON, *for the present Week.*

Monday, 42 min. aft. 5 — Friday, 16 min. after. 9

Tuesday, 30 min. aft. 6 — Saturday, 6 min. aft. 10

Wednesday, 18 m. aft. 7 — Lord's-Day, 53 m. aft. 10

Thursday, 13 min. aft. 8 — New Moon First Day.

(1) *See pa. 641, 632, 636, & Index, under Rhode Island, Connecticut, & New-hampshire.* ¶ *See pa. 606.* * *See Index, under Congress Continental.* (1) *See Index, under Donations.* ‖ *See Index and List of Grievances, pa. 971.*

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Dublin, to his friend in Baltimore, 1774.

"I am sorry to hear, some with you speak so coolly of the Bostonians. I hoped there was not a colonist who would not with his fortune and life, defend that liberty and property, which a vile administration wishes, yearly wishes to destroy. The attention to traffick, will be of little value, while the means of protecting your wealth are neglected, suppose you possessed all the riches of Maryland, subject to the uncontrouled demands of a hungry rapacious ministry, can you say that such a precarious wealth, is to be counted only like the bee, you will be smoaked with Scotch brimstone, and robbed of the honey of your own earnings; sympathy is a poor tribute to those within reach of your relief, such an offering (if we can do no more) becomes us who are at this distance, but though Boston is far from our country, they are near, very near our hearts, and I am bold to say there is not one man in the kingdom (placemen and pensioners excepted) who would not succour them with his purse and person if possible. The important crisis of your country is ever uppermost in our thoughts, as the fate of liberty is suspended on your courage and unanimity; if you stand together as one man, the gates of hell cannot prevail against you: If you are crumbled into fractions you will be undone, you will be a disjointed prey to the more than savage beasts of despotism, and be left to bewail in sackcloth and ashes the false ideas of ballancing present profit——against future vassalage. A non-importation scheme firmly adhered to, would soon make Great-Britain sick of their most perfidious flow, and would carry swarms of choice independent spirits into your hive, and though your traffic might languish for a time, and be barren for a season, yet like the fallowed ground it would yield a fruitful harvest, amply to recommend the loss of delay.——The prospect of liberty is one powerful inducement to emigration from this country. And as slavery advances here, your attraction grows stronger——but if the door of that asylum shall be shut against us, we will remain where we are, and not take the trouble of shifting the scene without changing the situation, (the present administration is a flock in the mortrolls of all God's rational creation.) On our account then as well as your own, stand fast in the liberty wherewith your——ancestors have made you free, and suffer not yourselves to be entangled in ministerial bondage; where I one of you, which it is possible I soon shall, I should think the little power I possess, with my life into the bargain, well devoted to a cause, when the happiness of millions yet unborn, is so deeply involved."

THIS DAY PUBLISHED,

[Price *Half-a-Pistareen.*]

And sold at JOHN BOYLE's Printing-Office, next Door to the *Three Doves* in Marlborough-Street.

The WONDER of WONDERS!

Or, the WONDERFUL APPEARANCE of an

Angel, Devil and Ghost,

To a GENTLEMAN in the Town of *Boston*, in the NIGHTS of the 14th, 15th, and 16th of *October* last: To whom in some Measure may be attributed the DISTRESSES that have of late fallen upon that unhappy METROPOLIS. Related to one of his NEIGHBOURS the Morning after the last Visitation, who wrote down the NARRATIVE from the GENTLEMAN's own Mouth; and it is now made public at his Desire, as a solemn Warning to all those, who, for the sake of agrandizing themselves and their Families, would entail the most abject Wretchedness upon MILLIONS of their Fellow-Creatures.

Adorned with Four PLATES, viz. 1. The DEVIL. 2. An ANGEL, *with a Sword in one Hand, a pair of Scales in the other.* 3. BELZEBUB, *holding in his right hand a folio Book, and in his left a Halter.* 4. A GHOST, *having on a white Gown, his Hair much dishevelled.*——

TO BE SOLD,

Choice New-Castle Coals, on board the Brig Dolphin, James Scott, Master, at the Long Wharff, or at William Dennie's Store in King-Street.

To be Sold, at Marblehead, a Quantity of Bottles in Hampers, some holding 9 Jills. Apply there to Major Gallison, or to William Dennie, at Boston.

Duncan Ingraham, jun.

WILL shortly embark for England——Desires all those that are indebted to him, to make immediate Payment; and all those to whom he is indebted, are desired to call and receive their respective Balances. (tbc)

Left at a Shop in this Town, on

Friday the 9th Instant, a Pocket-Book, containing valuable Articles; among which was a Note of Hand given to Samuel and Stephen Salisbury, by Ephraim Harrington. The Owner may have the Pocket-Book again, paying the Charge of this Advertisement. Inquire of *Hopehill Foster*, near Dr. Byles's Meeting-House, South End of Boston.

Boston, December 16, 1774.

LOST between Liberty-Tree and the Town-House, last Tuesday Evening, a Silver Watch, with the Letters A. D. studded on the outside Case, Maker's Name *Thomas Blundell*, Dublin, No. 547. Had to it a Steel Chain, Brass Key, and a white Cornelian Seal set in Silver. Whoever will bring said Watch, &c. to Mr. John McLean, Watchmaker, in King-Street, shall receive Three Dollars Reward.

N. B. If the above Watch should be offered in Pawn, or for Sale, it is requested it may be stopped, and the same Reward shall be given.

The Committee of Inspection for the Town of PLYMOUTH, hereby give public Notice that there is to be sold at Plymouth, under their direction, (agreeable to the 20th Article of the Association of the American Continental Congress) on Monday the second Day of January next, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon——

One Hundred and Ten Quarter Casks of Malaga WINE, fifty Boxes of LEMMONS, six hundred and ten Casks, and fifty Jarrs of RAISINS.——Imported in the Schooner Dove, Ebenezer Parker, Master, from Malaga, via Falmouth. Said Sale to be on board said Schooner. JOHN TORREY, Chairman.

Plymouth, Dec. 12, 1774.

The Committee of Inspection for the Town of Plimouth, hereby give Notice, That there are to be Sold at the House of Mr. Howland, Innholder, at said Plimouth, on Tuesday the Third Day of January next, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, under the Direction of said Committee (agreeable to the Tenth Article of the Association of the American Continental Congress) the following Articles imported in the Brigt. Esther, Benjamin Smith, Master, from Liverpool, since the First Day of December Instant, viz.

Two Boxes Linnens, two Cases Woolens, one Barrel Hard Ware, one Barrel Glass, one Case Velveret and Bindings, one Hogshead Checks and Fustians, one Cask bottled Ale, Twenty Crates Earthen Ware, 160 Tons Salt, 20 Chaldrons Coals. Also a small Quantity of Cheese and unpack'd Beer, and six Boxes of Irish Linnens. The Sale to continue till the whole is sold.

JOHN TORREY, Chairman.

Plimouth, December 12, 1774.

LAST Monday Night, between 11 and 12 o'Clock, some *well-bred Gentlemen* took the *Liberty* of breaking my Windows in a *most spirited Manner*: If any Person will be pleased to inform me of the Place of their Residence, (if they have any,) that I may make them a proper Acknowledgment for this *publick Mark of their Civility*, he shall be intitled to a Reward of Ten Dollars from his most humble Servant, JOHN TROUTBECK.

TO BE SOLD,

Two convenient Dwelling Houses,

situated in King-Street, Boston: One opposite to the South Door of the Town House, at present in the Occupation of Mr. Thomas Courtney; the other on the North Side of said Town House, improved by Mr. John Maud. Also a Brick Tenement, situated near the East End of Christ Church. For further Particulars, inquire of the Printers. Dec. 19 1774.

TO BE SOLD,

A Piece of Land being a Wood Lot situate in the Town of Milton, containing Twenty six Acres and one Quarter of an Acre, belonging to the Estate of *Joseph Gooch*, Esq; late of Milton, deceased.

Any Person inclining to Purchase said Wood Lot, may apply to *William Gooch*, in King-Street, Boston, who is Attorney to *Thomas Hubbart*, sole Executor of said *Joseph Gooch*'s Will; who is fully Impowered by the Justices of the Superior Court to Sell the same and pass a Deed therefor. *Boston, Nov.* 28, 1774.

N. B. All Persons are cautioned against Cutting or Carrying off any Wood or Timber from said Wood Lot, as they may depend on being Prosecuted with the utmost Severity of the Law.

At a Meeting of the Proprietors of COXHALL, (so called) in the County of York, convened at the Dwelling-House of Dr. Tyler Porter, Innholder in Wenham, on Monday the 31st Day of January, 1770. VOTED, That 12*s.* be and hereby is Granted and Ordered to be paid by the Proprietors an every Hundred Acre Right within said Tract of Land in proportion to their respective Interest therein, to be collected and paid to the Proprietor's Treasurer according to Law.—— And at a Legal Meeting of said Proprietors held by Adjournment, Feb. 1, 1774. at the House of Mrs. Susanna Stacy, Innholder in Ipswich. Also, Voted one other Tax of 12*s.* be and hereby is Granted and Ordered to be paid by the Proprietors of every Hundred Acre Right in said Tract of Land; the above Taxes to be paid to Capt. Francis Goodhue, of Ipswich, their said Treasurer.

MICHAEL FARLEY, Prop's Clerk.

Ipswich, Dec. 15, 1774.

N. B. If the above Taxes are not paid to the aforesaid Treasurer by the last Tuesday of January next, the said Lands will be exposed to sale at the House of the aforesaid Mrs. Susanna Stacy, Innholder in Ipswich, at 10 o'Clock in the Forenoon.

By Order of the Committee for Sale of Lands.

JOHN BARR.

JUST PUBLISHED,

[*Price* 3*l.* 4*d.*]

And to be Sold by *John Kneeland*, Printer, in Milk-Street; *James Foster Condy*, Stationer, in Union-Street; and *Philip Freeman*, jun. near Liberty-Tree.

AN ORATION delivered on the late public Commencement at Rhode-Island College in Providence, September 1774. Being a Plea for the Right of private Judgment in religious Matters; and for the Liberty of choosing our own Religion, corroborated by the well known Consequences of Priestly Power.

By BARNABAS BINNEY, A. B.

BRICKS.

FOUR HUNDRED THOUSAND BRICKS, Manufactured by the distressed, industrious Poor of the Town of Boston, assisted by the generous Donations of our benevolent and sympathizing Brethren of this and the other Colonies, and are to be sold for their further Relief and Employment, by *Thomas Crafts*, jun. near Liberty-Tree.

Gen'ral Post-Office, New-York, 5th Dec. 1774.

The Deputy Post Masters General being desirous of facilitating Correspondence, have ordered that in time to come there should be two Posts Weekly, for Canada, by way of Albany: Notice is hereby given, that from and after the 24th Day of December Instant, the Mails for Canada and Albany will be made up and dispatched from this Office on Wednesdays at 12 o'Clock in the Forenoon, and at 5 every Saturday Night. The Wednesdays Post will ride on the East Side of Hudson's River, and return to this Office with the Canada Mail on the Tuesday following, at 4 o'Clock in the Afternoon. The Saturday Night's Mail is to be conveyed to Albany, on the West Side of the River, and the Rider will return to this Office on the Saturday following at 12 o'Clock.

By Command of the Deputy Post Masters General.

RICH. N. COLDEN, D. Sec'ry.

Salmon Twine.

JEREMIAH ALLEN has for Sale at his Shop in Ann-Street, a little North of the Draw-Bridge—— A Quantity of the best 3-Thread Salmon Twine. (6w.)

THE Brethren of the ancient and honorable Society of FREE and ACCEPTED MASONS are hereby notified; That the most Worshipful JOSEPH WARREN, Esq; Grand Master of Ancient, Free and Accepted Masons on the Continent of America, intends celebrating the Feast of St. John the Evangelist on Tuesday the 27th Instant, at Free Masons Hall, Boston, where the Brethren are required to attend the Festival.

By Order of the most Worshipful Grand Master,

W. HOSKINS, G. Secretary.

N.B. The Table will be furnished at 2 o'Clock, P.M. ——Tickets to be had of Brothers Capt Caleb Hopkins, Andrew Newell, and William Hoskins.

Boston, Dec. 19, 1774.

Joshua Blanchard,

AT the Old Shop and Wine Cellar on Dock-Square BOSTON, opposite Exchange Lane,

yet continues to sell

WINES

of all Sorts as usual, and hath now on Sale a Parcel of fine old Sterling Madeira from 3 Dollars to 3 Dollars per Dozen according to its Age and Quality; also by the Gallon or less Quantity, Fyal Wine at 25*s.* Old Teneriffe per Gallon, a better Sort on Madeira Lees at 30*s.* O. T.

With India Proof genuine Rum.

Fine old Spirit, French and other Brandies.

Mr. BLANCHARD *thanks his Friends and the Public for past Favours, and hopes in these hard Times their Continuance.*

He hath also to sell,

Cocoa, Loaf-Sugar, Raisins, Figgs, Currants, Spices, with a general Assortment of West India Goods and Groceries, by Wholesale or Retail.

A Quantity of choice Honey.

TO BE SOLD *very cheap.*

The Schooner Hawk, about 65 Tons burthen, a Marblehead Fishing Vessel with a Sheath'd Bottom, good Sails and Rigging, lying at Mr. John Pulling's Wharff.——For Particulars inquire at

Archibald Cunningham's

Store in Ann-Street, near the Draw-Bridge.

——Where is to be sold——

Lisbon WINE per Cask,—Lisbon Oil per Cask,—Geneva per Case,—Raisins, Figs and Currants per Cask,—Firkin Butter,—Kippen's Snuff and Pig-Tail Tobacco,—Spices of all sorts,—Citron,—half Pint Dram Bottles per Crate or Gross,—Almonds,—choice Olives,—Capers,—Brown & Loaf Sugar,—Dutch Bruthes in Setts or single,—Dutch Stone Ware per Crate or Dozen,—Corks,—Mason Glasses Engrav'd with the Arms,—best Durham Mustard in large and small Bottles,—Barcelona Handkerchiefs per Dozen.

All Persons who have any Demands on the Estate of Nathaniel Holmes, of Boston, deceased, are desired to bring in their Accounts to Rebecca Holmes, Executrix, for Adjustment: All those who are indebted to said Estate are desired to make immediate Payment to said Executrix.

William Fowle,

ACQUAINTS the Public, That he carries on the Sugar-Baking Business, at the Sugar-House formerly Occupied by the late Nathaniel Holmes, deceased.

——Where he has ready for Sale——

Best double, single, and Lump Refin'd Loaf and brown SUGAR, MOLASSES, FLOUR and IRON, by Wholesale or Retail, cheap for Cash.

TO BE SOLD, only for Want of Employ,

A likely, sprightly good-tempered Negro Boy, about 13 Years of Age. Inquire of Edes and Gill.

Strayd away from me the Subscriber, in Newton, sometime in July last, a spotted or plaicked black and white Steer, two Years old. Whoever shall take up the said Steer, or give Information where he may be had, shall be handsomely rewarded by me JOHN HEALY.

Boston: Printed, by EDES & GILL, *in Queen-Street,* 1774.

4 see Indexes, under Town of Boston. ‖ See list of Grievances, pa. 971.) as suffering by the Port act, see pa. 499. ¶ see Non-importation agreements, pa. 519, 536 604. 606. 627. (1) see pa. 606 ¶ See ×
Continental